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Introduction

National Rural Health Mission (NRHM) of the Ministry of Health & Family Welfare was launched on 12th April, 2005 by the Government of India to improve medical facilities in all the rural area in the country. The NRHM seeks to provide accessible, affordable and quality health care to the rural population, especially the vulnerable sections. It also seeks to reduce the Maternal Mortality Ratio (MMR) in the country from 407 to 100 per 1,00,000 live births, Infant Mortality rate (IMR) from 60 to 30 per 1000 live births and the Total Fertility Rate (TFR) from 3.0 to 2.1 within the 7 year period of the Mission.

One of the visions of the Mission is to increase public spending on health from 0.9% to 2-3% of GDP, with the improved arrangement for community financing and risk pooling. The NRHM has provided an umbrella under which the existing Reproductive and Child Health Programme (RCH) and various National Disease Control Programmes (NDCPs) have been repositioned.

At present the following Schemes come under the National Rural Health Mission:

- A. Reproductive and Child Health Programme: (RCH Flexi-pool)
- B. Additionalities Under NRHM: (Mission Flexi-pool)
- C. Operating Costs for Routine Immunisation & Injection safety.
- D. Operating Cost for Pulse Polio Immunisation.
- E. National Disease Control Programmes:
 - National Vector Borne Disease Control Programme (NVBDCP).
 - Revised National Tuberculosis Control Programme (RNTCP).
 - National Leprosy Control Programme (NLCP).
 - National Trachoma & Blindness Control Programme.
 - National Iodine Deficiency Disorder Control Programme (NIDDCP).
 - Integrated Disease Surveillance Project (IDSP).
- F. Others like: IEC, NGO, Deafness Control, etc.

Institutional and Funding Arrangements

For the implementation of the above programmes, an Integrated Health Society at State and District levels (registered as a legal entity at the State and District under the national or state society registration Act) has been formed. This is against the earlier arrangement of having distinct legal units (Societies) for each program/scheme. Such integrated State Health Society (SHS) works in close coordination with the Directorates of Health & Family Welfare Department and District Health Societies (DHS) work in coordination with the District Collector and CDMO. Program implementation is done through its Chief District Medical Officer's office, Community Health Centres (CHCs), Primary Health Centres (PHCs), Sub-Centres (SCs) and Village Health Sanitation Committees (GKSs). Certain activities may be managed at the State level such as drug procurement, IEC, civil works, training using specialized entities such as SIHFW, IEC Bureau, PWD, the Directorate of Health and municipal corporations for the urban health components. In addition funds are also released NGOs and private entities under public private participation arrangements.

Funding & Accounting Arrangements

Funds for the various programs are transferred to the States from the Government of India in the form of Grants-in-Aid to SHS on the basis of respective State Programme Implementation Plan (SPIPs) and approved Annual Work Plans which are prepared on the basis of District Health Action Plans (DHAP) of each of the districts in the State. Similarly, funds are released from State to the districts and from districts to the blocks basing on the District Programme Implementation Plans (DPIPs) and Block Programme Implementation Plans (BPIPs) respectively. Under the umbrella of the integrated SHS/DHS, each program has separate bank accounts, maintains separate books of accounts and other financial records as required under each program and also submit separate financial activity reports at varying frequencies to the respective monitoring unit in MOHFW (GOI).

Background and Need

Quality of accounting and reporting from implementation units has always been an area of concern. To improve the quality of accounting and book keeping, FMG, Gol had developed a manual on the financial management requirements and had circulated the same to the States which was also modified by FMG, NRHM, Odisha to meet the need of the State and circulated to districts and blocks. While the

manual is comprehensive, the sub-district level implementing units generally lack the skill and capacity to interpret the manual and extract the relevant sections applicable to them.

Considering the above, the latest Mid Term Review (MTR) recommended the development of model financial & accounting handbooks for sub-district level implementing units which would provide their staff with necessary guidance and serve as a quick reference document in respect of various finance and accounts activities that they are supposed to carry out.

Accordingly, financial & accounting handbooks have been developed for the following sub-district level implementing units.

- CHC
- RKS
- Sub-Centres
- GKSs

CHAPTER 1 – List of Abbreviations

List of Abbreviations	Full Form						
ANM	Auxiliary Nurse Midwife						
ASHA	Accredited Social Health Activist						
AWW	Angan Wadi Worker						
BAM	Block Accounts Manager / Block Accountant						
BCHC	Block Community Health Centre						
BMO	Block Medical Officer						
BPHC	Block Primary Healthcare Centre						
BPM	Block Programme Manager						
BRS	Bank Reconciliation Statement						
CA	Chartered Accountant						
CDMO	Chief District Medical Officer						
CHC	Community Health Centre						
CM&HO	Chief Medical & Health Officer						
СМО	Chief Medical Officer						
DA	Data Assistant						
DAM	District Accounts Manager						
DHS	District Health Society						
DPM	District Programme Manager						
DPMU	District Programme Management Unit						
FM	Financial Management						
FMG	Financial Management Group						
FMR	Financial Monitoring Report						
Gol	Government of India						
MO	Medical Officer						
MoHFW	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare						
NDCP	National Disease Control Programme						
NRHM	National Rural Health Mission						
PHC	Primary Health Centre						
RCH	Reproductive and Child Health						
RFP	Request for Proposal						
RKS	Rogi Kalyan Samiti						
SAM	State Accounts Manager						

SC	Sub Centre
SFM	State Finance Manager
SFP	Statement of Fund Position
SHS	State Health Society
SoE	Statement of Expenditure
SPMU	State Programme Management Unit
TA	Technical Assistance
ТВ	Tuberculosis
TDS	Tax Deducted at Source
TMSA	Technical and Management Support Agency
ToR	Terms of Reference
UC	Utilization Certificate
UT	Union Territory
GKS	Village Health and Sanitation Committee

CHAPTER 2 – Model Handbook for Various Sub-District Implementation Unit

The handbooks developed for various sub-district implementation units have been appended in the subsequent sections of this chapter as below:

Section	Handbook
Section A	Handbook for CHC Accountant
Section B	Handbook for RKS Accountant
Section C	Handbook for ANMs at the Sub-centres
Section D	Handbook for GKSs

Section A Accounting Handbook for CHC Accountants

Introduction

- The Government of India has launched the National Rural Health Mission to carry out the necessary architectural correction in the basic health care delivery system. The Plan of Action includes increasing public expenditure on health, decentralization and district management of health programmes, as well as induction of management and financial personnel into district health system.
- As a result of decentralization, most of the NRHM funds are flowing down to the actual implementing units i.e. CHCs / PCHs, Sub-Centres & GKSs.
- The success of decentralization experiment would depend on the strength of the management capacities built at these implementing units. This handbook is an initiative aimed at building capacity of the CHC / PHC accountants.
- The FMG at Mission Directorate had issued a detailed financial manual as well as guidelines covering most of the activities at State / District / Subdistrict level. This handbook was developed in line with the FMG manual of Gol to facilitate CHC / PHC accounting personnel in understanding / executing their accounting and reporting functions.
- This handbook is prepared keeping in mind that the CHC / PHC is an implementing unit for various activities under NRHM. The unit would undertake the accounting responsibility of the CHC / PHC, as well as administer the activities of Sub-centres & GKSs under its jurisdiction. In such cases the CHC / PHC accountant would be required to refer to the handbooks prepared for each implementing unit.
- Where the RKS and the CHC /PHC have a common set of books, the handbook designed for the CHC / PHC accountant should be referred in conjunction with the handbook designed for the RKS accountant; and in cases where the RKS has a different set of books, the handbook designed for RKS accountant should be referred for preparing the RKS accounts.
- However, since RKS is a separate legal entity (governed by separate set of members including people's representative), it is recommended that each RKS should maintain books of accounts separate from the concerned CHC/ PHC.

Overview of Fund Flow and Reporting

CHC's and PHC's receive funds from Block to carry out specified activities. They are supposed to report their expenditure to the Block. The CHCs / PHC are also supposed to consolidate the SoEs of units under their jurisdiction (Sub-Centre & GKS) and report it along with their own SoE to the blocks. The following exhibit shows the fund flow and reporting pattern:

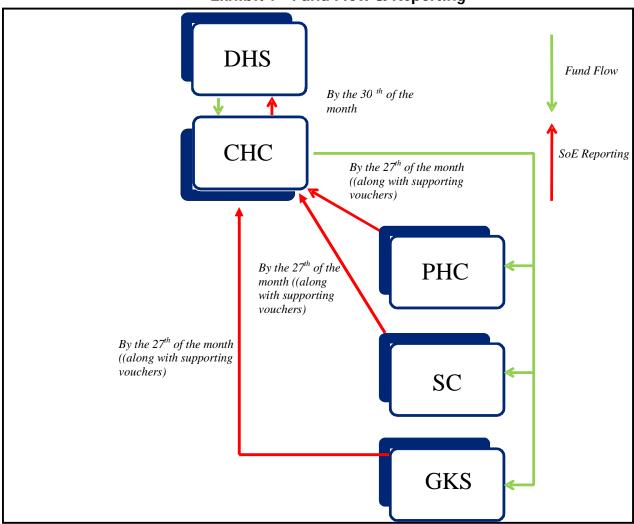


Exhibit 1 - Fund Flow & Reporting

Activities for which Funds Are Received, Disbursed and Spent

A CHC receives funds from the district under different programmes of NRHM such as RCH-II, NRHM Initiatives, and Immunization & National Disease Control Programmes as per the approved PIP of each year. The district releases this fund to CHC activity wise under each component of a programme on quarterly basis, out of which a portion is released by the CHC directly to PHCs, SCs and GKSs in shape of advance and the balance fund is utilised at CHC level itself.

Accounting & Book Keeping Requirements

Important Accounting Principles and Policies to be followed

- Accounting shall be done on cash basis i.e. a transaction shall be accounted for at the time of receipt or payment only.
- The books of accounts of the CHC/PHC shall be maintained on double entry book keeping principles
- Expenditure Recognition –The CHC/PHC accountant should ensure that the
 advances given to CHC/PHC are not being reported as expenditure in FMRs. It
 is only the expenditure reported (as per SoE/UCs) by the CHC/PHC against the
 amounts advanced to them which should be reflected as expenditure in the
 FMRs.
- Period Accounting period followed shall be the financial year of the Government of India i.e. 1st April to 31st March

Books of Accounts to be maintained

Following books should be manually maintained by the accountant at CHC / PHC:

- Double column cash and bank book for each programme
- Ledger book activity wise under each programme
- Advance Register
- Fixed Asset Register
- Stock register
- JSY Payment Register
- Fund Receipt Register
- Disbursement Register
- Cheque Issue Register

If any of the above books are maintained in accounting software (like tally) then it would suffice if monthly printout of such books are taken and authenticated (jointly by MO and CHC / PHC accountant) and appropriately filed. The cash book should necessarily be maintained manually also, even though computerized accounting is in use. (The CHC / PHC accountant is also required to maintain other routine registers like fund receipt register, disbursement register and cheque issue register.)

The following section describes the manner of maintenance of the prescribed books of accounts:

Double Column Cash cum Bank Book (Format Provided in Annexure I)

- The CHC / PHC should maintain one double column cash and bank book with provision for adequate referencing to the voucher number and ledger folios.
- Cash book is to be closed daily and duly signed by the MO in charge.
- In case there is no transaction in a day/s the entry 'No Transaction' has to be noted in cash book in red ink and balances are to be carried forward to the next day.

Ledger (Format Provided in Annexure II)

Following points should be taken care of while maintaining the ledger:

- The primary categories under which the ledgers would fall are:
 - Separate activity wise ledger heads to record grants (advances) for funds received from district towards each activity under a programme (For Ex. grant for JSY / Compensation for Sterilization from district)
 - Separate ledger heads to record expenditure for each individual activity (These activity specific ledger heads should be appropriately linked and grouped as per the FMR format. For e.g. JSY A/c to record expenditure on payment to beneficiaries, and clear linkage of this ledger to A.1.4 (Maternal Health) of the RCH Flexi-pool).
 - Separate salary ledger heads to record payments to each employee (In case these are being paid from CHC / PHC and should be linked to the respective heads in the FMR)
 - Separate ledger heads for all advances, in the name of the person / agency to which advance has been disbursed (For e.g. to employees, outside agencies, etc.)
- Once the vouchers are entered in cash / bank book, they should be immediately entered in the appropriate ledger folios (along with referencing

to cash book folio number and voucher serial number). The ledger should be kept in the standard form. Separate pages are to be opened for each activity / item of expenditure. The ledger accounts shall be arranged and grouped in such a manner that the desired information is promptly available i.e. all activities under RCH Flexi-pool (A) can be ledgerized in one ledger book and the activities under Mission Flexi-pool (B) in another one and so on.

- All the ledger accounts shall be closed at the end of the month. Totals would be done for each ledger head and a Trial Balance prepared. Discrepancies, if any, will be rectified and reconciled.
- Indicative list of ledger A/c under RCH & Mission Flexi-pool (For activities related to CHC / PHC)
 - o JSY
 - Compensation for Sterilization
 - VHND
 - o Salary of ANM, SN etc.
 - Pustikar Diwas
 - ASHA sector level meeting
 - o Immunization
 - Monitoring & Supervision
 - United Funds
 - Annual Maintenance Grants
- Tentative list of ledger A/c (For activities related to RKS)
 - Membership fees (Income)
 - o OPD (Income from and expense related to the service)
 - Indoor Patient (Income from and expense related to the service)
 - o Lab (Income from and expense related to the service)
 - o X Ray (Income from and expense related to the service)
 - o ECG (Income from and expense related to the service)
 - o Canteen rental income
 - Washing / Laundry (Expenses)

Please note that this is only an indicative list of ledger heads and the accountants will need to open ledgers for all relevant heads as per their sanctioned activities in the PIP of respective year.

Fixed Asset / Stock Register (Format Provided in Annexure III)

• The Stock / Fixed Asset Register should be kept in two parts for assets purchased out of NRHM funds

- One for Assets of Permanent Nature To record assets of permanent nature like furniture & fixtures, Computers, etc either procured by the CHC /PHC or received from districts / other offices.
- Other for stocks of temporary nature In this they are supposed to record various consumables used by the CHC / PHC like stationery, printing material, etc.
- Even if a central store keeper maintains records of all assets purchased by the CHC / PHC, the above mentioned registers for purchase of assets out of NRHM funds should be separately maintained by the CHC / PHC accountant.
- The asset register should contain the full particulars of purchase / receipt of fixed assets including the identification tag, date of purchase, its current location / user, value of purchase, etc.
- All assets received in kind from the supervisory units should also be included in the fixed asset register.
- Apart from this the CHC / PHC may have a separate register to keep record
 of the free supplies (of medicines) received from the district. Normally this
 register is required to be maintained by the permanent government employee
 (Pharmacist) and not by the contractual CHC / PHC accountant. Further,
 such transactions do not warrant any financial entries to be done in the books
 of accounts.
- No depreciation is to be charged on the fixed assets

Advance Register & Ageing Analysis (Format Provided in Annexure IV)

- Register for advances to be maintained as advances given to
 - o Staff
 - o Contractors / suppliers
 - TA / DA advance
- A proper ageing of the advances is also to be done.

JSY Payment Register

A register to keep a record of JSY beneficiaries is to be maintained. Register should capture all relevant information with respect to the beneficiary.
 (Information like Name, Age, Complete address, No of children, finger print / signature column, name of husband, etc are required to be captured)

Basic Accounting Entries

At the time of receipt of funds from the Block the following entry is to be passed

Bank A/c Dr

To, Grant – in – Aid for (Name of the Activity/Activities for which fund has been received)

(Generally the CHCs / PHCs record the Grants as those received for specific activities)

At the time of recording expenditure incurred directly from the CHC / PHC office the following entry is to be passed

Expenditure Head (Name of the Activity) A/c

Dr

To, Bank A/c

(Care must to taken to ensure that the appropriate expenditure head under which amount has been incurred should be debited and not any other head)

At the time of disbursing the money as advance to some outside agency / contractor the following entry is to be passed

Advance to (Name of Agency) for (Name of Activity for which advance given)

Dr

To, Bank A/c

For settlement / adjustment of advances to the extent of expenditure reported by outside agency / contractor, the following entry is to be passed

Expenditure Head (Name of the Activity) A/c

Dr

To, Advance to (Name of Agency) for (Name of Activity for which advance given)

(Care must to taken to ensure that the appropriate expenditure head under which amount has been incurred should be debited and not any other head)

For recording / receiving of other income being generated from the unit

(Examples of areas from where other income is generated are – Registration fees, User charges from OPD, Indoor Patient, X – Ray, Lab, ECG, Etc.)

Cash A/c

Dr

To, Income from (Name of the source) A/c

For recording of expenditure related to provision of services

(Example of areas for which expenditure might be incurred are – OPD, Indoor Patient, X – Ray, Lab, ECG, Etc.)

Expense for (Name of the activity for which expense is incurred)

To, Bank A/c

Dr

For Interest earned on bank account

At the time of interest being credited to bank account Bank A/c

Dr

To, Interest Earned on Bank A/c

For unspent grant against a particular activity returned to the district

Grant – in – Aid for (Activity for Which Fund has been received) A/c Dr To, Bank A/c

Accounting Process & Internal Controls

Cash

- CHC / PHC should not carry heavy cash in hand (maximum limit Rs.10,000/- towards petty cash under BPMSU Administration & Contingency).
- Cash book is to be updated on a daily basis
- Physical cash should tally with the cash balance figure in the cash book
- Over writing in cash / bank book should be avoided and corrections, if any, should be attested by the authorized officer under his dated initials.

Grants in Aid

 Grants – in – aid received should be recorded under proper heads according to the purpose for which it was received (RCH Flexi-pool, NRHM Mission Flexi-pool, Immunization, etc.)

Bank / E-Transfer

- Cheque issue register to be maintained properly (Along with register of bank drafts received and bank drafts issued). RTGS / ECS instructions should be appropriately authorized, recorded and filed.
- Bank pass book / bank statement to be updated regularly
- Interest income should be clearly identified and reported in the SoE/ UC on timely basis
- All cheques shall be signed by at least two signatories as authorized by the Governing/Executive body of the Society in line with defined guidelines

- Cheque books, new, used or currently under use shall be kept in the personal custody of one of the officer who are authorized to put their signature on the cheques.
- While making payments through cheque, its number should invariably be noted in the cash book for cross checking.
- Signatures with date shall be obtained in the cheque issue register from the Cashier/Accountant for each cheque, which is endorsed in his favour or handed over to him for obtaining cash payment from the bank.
- All cash/cheques/Demand Drafts etc. received should be deposited into bank as far as possible on the same day itself, otherwise on the next working day positively.
- Bank reconciliation statement for each programme to be prepared on a monthly basis (by the 10th of the following month)
- Proper explanation by the person in-charge to be recorded in case of any unreconciled entries

Payments & Expenditure

- All vouchers to be scrutinized thoroughly before making payments.
- All vouchers should be complete in all respects and filled properly.
- All vouchers to be scrolled (serial numbered) and entered in cash / bank book with appropriate referencing.
- All vouchers to be supported with appropriate documentary evidence (vouchers to be prepared only when adequate supporting are in place).
- All the vouchers must be retained at the CHC and should not be sent to the district.
- Invoice must be marked "Passed for Payment" on its face by competent authority. In case of advance adjustments, it should be marked "Passed for Adjustments".
- All supporting documents in originals should be defaced / stamped as 'PAID & CANCELLED' with details of cheque number & date.
- Necessary approval from competent authority to be taken beforehand for expenditure made.
- All approvals made should be under the jurisdiction of the sanctioning authority in line with delegation of power as prescribed by the State.
- All necessary procedures to be followed for obtaining sanctions for expenditure.
- Expenditures to be debited to the correct account head.
- The block should endeavour to make all payments only by crossed account payee cheque. Bearer cheque can be given to JSY beneficiaries if it is not

practical / time consuming to open their bank accounts. Normally payments by cash should be discouraged, however payment by cash may be made for activities like TA/DA, Administration & Contingency of BPMSU, POL advance etc..

 Any payment above Rs.5,000/- must necessarily be made through crossed Account payee cheques only.

Fixed Asset

- The prescribed procurement guidelines for purchase of assets should be followed.
- The Purchase Committee at CHC level should approve all procurements more than Rs.10,000/- at PHCs also.
- Annual physical verification of fixed assets should be conducted. Any major discrepancies in physical verification should be reported to the CHC – MO, BMO and District.

Advances

- Advance tracking register to be maintained properly for each activity and agency (PHC / SC / GKS) on monthly basis.
- Advance should be given for activities admissible under the programme only.
- Cases where huge un-adjusted advances have been lying for long should be brought to the notice of higher authorities i.e. MO I/c.
- The advance should be settled within 15 days of the completion of the activity for which advance was given.
- A new advance should be given only after settlement / adjustment of the previous advance.

TDS

- TDS to be deducted from all eligible payments and deposited within due time as per the IT rules.
- Quarterly TDS returns to be submitted in the prescribed format.

Financial reporting requirements

FMR / SoE / Reporting* (Format Provided in Annexure V)

- Financial Management Report (FMR) –cum- Statement of Fund Position (SFP) should be submitted to the district by 30th of every month.
- The reporting period for a month would be 25th of previous month to 24th of reporting month. However, for the month of March, it would be 25th of Feb to 31st of March and for April, the same would be 1st Apr to 24th April.
- CHC accountants (Block Accountant) should ensure that by the 27th of the month they receive / collect the monthly SoE from the PHCs, Sub-centers & GKSs under their jurisdiction.
- Even if in a particular month there is no expense under a CHC, a nil SoE report should be submitted to the district.
- In case any funds are received under National Disease Control Programmes (NDCPs) at the CHC level, SoE reporting for the same also needs to be done by the CHC in the FMR. Format at Annexure - V can be used to report expenditure towards all the programmes under NRHM.

*Note: In case of untied funds given to CHC/PHC as advance, only funds reported by CHC/ PHC as 'actually spent' under SoE shall be booked as expenditure. Hence, timely and accurate SoE reporting by CHC/PHC is very important.

Utilization Certificate Reporting (Format Provided in Annexure VI)

- The CHC accountant is required to submit the yearly UC (Duly signed by the medical officer in-charge of the CHC) within a month from close of previous financial year.
- As per GFR requirements, Utilization Certificate also needs to be submitted for any funds received under NDCPs. The above format can also be used for the same.

Summary of Reporting Requirements for CHC/ PHC

S.No.	Activity	Frequency	Cut- off Date
1	Collection of SoE/FMRs from PHCs,	Monthly	27 th of the
	Sub-Centres & GKSs		Month
2	Submission of monthly SoE (including	Monthly	30th of the
	SoEs received from PHCs, Sub-centres		Month
	& GKSs) to the district		
3	Submission of UCs	Annually	30 th April of the
			following year

Annexure I

Format of Double Column Cash / Bank Book

Receipts						Payments					
Dr.											Cr.
Date	Particulars (including party name,	V. S.	L. F.	Amou	nt (Rs.)	Date	Particulars (including party name,	V. S.	L. F.	Amou	nt (Rs.)
	activity head, etc.)	No.	No.	Cash	Bank		activity head, etc.)	No.	No.	Cash	Bank
				-		_				-	
	Voucher Serial Number										
L.F.No	Ledger Folio Number										

Note: Cash book should be serially page numbered and authenticated by the supervisor

Annexure II

Format of the Ledger Account

Name of the Ledger Account (Name of the Expense / Activity and Name of the Pool):

Date	Particular	V.S. No.	C. B. S. No.	Amount (Dr.)	Amount (Cr.)	Balance (Dr. / Cr.)

C. B. S. No. – Cash Book Serial Number

V. S. No. – Voucher Serial Number

Annexure III

Format of Fixed Asset Register

		Particulars			Asset Quan	tity (Nos)			Asset Cos	it (Rs)	
Date V. S.No.	V. S.No.		Location	Beginning of the Year	Addition	Deletion/ Transfer	End of the Year	Beginning of the Year	Addition	Deletion/ Transfer	End of the Year

Format of Stock Register

Date & month	Particulars	Bill No	Opening stock in qty.	Receipt		Issued in qty.	Balance stock	Remarks
				Qty.	Rate			

Note: Both the registers to be maintained separately for each item.

Annexure IV

Format of Advance Register

	Particulars (Activity Given to (Name of Cheque Date as per		Adjustme	nt Details	Balance			
Date	for which advance given)	the party / unit)	No.	the Cheque	Amount	Date	Amount Adjusted	Advance

Format for Ageing of Advances

Name of the	Activity	Outstanding Age	No. of	Amount Outstanding (Rs.)
unit	Name		Advances	
		Less than 6 months		
	RCH	Between six months to one year		
Unit 1		More than one year		
		Total	Rs	
	NRHM	DO		
Unit 2				

Annexure V

Format of SoE Reporting from CHC

S. No	Progra mme	Activities	Bank	ing bala eginning h Adva nce	Amount Receive d During the Month_	Total Amount Received Till the month	Expendit ure During the Month	Total Expenditur e Till the month	Closing	Balance the me Cash	Total
Α	RCH-II										
1											
3											
4											
5											
В	NRHM Initiativ es										
С	R. Immuni zation										
	NDCD-										
D	NDCPs										

Format of UC Reporting Form No. OGFR - 7 A

Name of the CHC/ PHC							
Name of the Programme							
Utilization Certificate for the	Year:	Dated:					
Sanction Letter No. and	Purpose	Amount					
Date							
(Please give here details of Sanction Letters) 1. 2. 3.	(Activity under RCH Phase II)	(Amount of Sanctions)					
Certified that out of Rs of grants – in – aids sanctioned during the Financial Year in favour of the CHC							
Signature of the CHC Acco	untant Signature o	f the Medical In-charge					

Section B Model Accounting Handbook for RKS Accountants

Introduction

- The Government of India has launched the National Rural Health Mission to carry out the necessary architectural correction in the basic health care delivery system. The Plan of Action includes increasing public expenditure on health, decentralization and district management of health programmes, as well as induction of management and financial personnel into district health system.
- As a result of decentralization, most of the NRHM funds are flowing down to the actual implementing units i.e. CHCs / PCHs, Sub-Centres & GKSs.
- NRHM also envisages creation of Rogi Kalyan Samitis (RKS) (Patient Welfare Committee) / Hospital Management Society (HMS) at each of the district hospital / CHC / PHC. This committee, which would be a registered society, acts as a group of trustees for the hospitals to manage the affairs of the hospital. RKS / HMS is free to prescribe, generate and use the funds with it, as per its best judgment for smooth functioning and maintaining the quality of services.
- RKS may utilize all Government assets and services to impose user charges and shall be free to determine the quantum of charges on the basis of local circumstances. Moreover, funds received by the RKS / HMS will not be deposited in the State exchequer but will be available to be spent by the Executive Committee constituted by the RKS/HMS. Private organizations offering high tech services like pathology, MRI, CAT SCAN, Sonography etc. could be permitted to set up their units within the hospital premises in return for providing their services at a rate fixed by the RKS/HMS.
- The success of decentralization experiment would depend on the strength
 of the management capacities built at these implementing units. This
 handbook is an initiative aimed at building capacity of the person
 maintaining the books of the RKS.
- The detailed financial manual as well as guidelines covering the activities
 of RKS at different level has been circulated earlier. This handbook has
 been developed in line with the FMG manual to facilitate RKS accounting
 personnel in understanding / executing their accounting and reporting
 functions.
- Where the RKS and the CHC /PHC have a common set of books, the handbook designed for the CHC / PHC accountant in conjunction with

- this handbook should be referred; and in cases where the RKS has different set of books, this handbook designed for RKS accountant should be referred to for preparing the RKS accounts.
- However, since RKS is a separate legal entity (governed by separate set of members including people's representative), it is recommended that each RKS should maintain books of accounts separate from the concerned CHC/PHC

Overview of Fund Flow and Reporting

RKS receives funds from District /CHC to carry out specified activities. They are supposed to report their activities to District / CHC. The following exhibit shows the fund flow and reporting pattern:

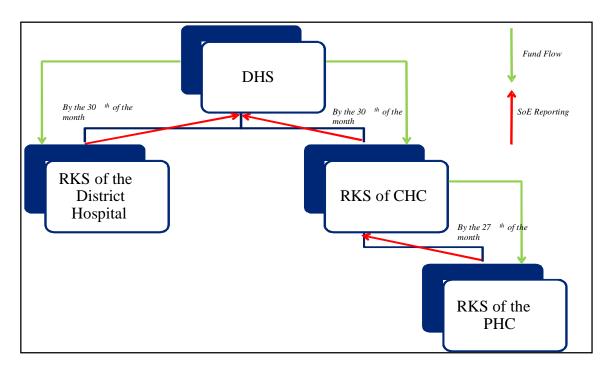


Exhibit 1 - Fund Flow & Reporting

Activities for Which Funds Are Received & Spent

The following table summarizes the pools and activities under which the RKS of CHC / PHC receives money and the indicative activities for which it expends funds.

S. No.	Activities for which funds are received by the RKS	Indicative Areas where it can be Utilized
В	NRHM Additionalities	Operational guideline already
1	RKS Corpus Grants, UF, AMG etc as per approved PIP	provided in this regard. However, the funds have to be
	Others (Generated Internally)	utilized as per the decision of the RKS.
1	Membership fees	
2	Income generated from collection of user charges (OPD, x-ray, lab, etc.)	
3	Patient registration fee	
4	Any other source of revenue collection	

Accounting & Book Keeping Requirements

Important Accounting Principles and Policies to be followed

- Accounting shall be done on cash basis i.e. a transaction shall be accounted for at the time of receipt or payment only.
- The books of accounts of the RKS shall be maintained on double entry book keeping principles
- Expenditure Recognition –The RKS accountant should ensure that the advances given to RKS are not being reported as expenditure in FMRs. It is only the expenditure reported (as per UCs) by the RKS against the amounts advanced to them which should be reflected as expenditure in the FMRs.
- Period Accounting period followed shall be the financial year of the Government of India i.e. 1st April to 31st March

Books of Accounts to be maintained

Following books should be maintained by the accountant at RKS:

- Double column cash and bank book separately for Corpus grant & User
- Ledger book activity wise
- Stock register
- Advance Register
- RKS Minutes Register

If any of the above books are maintained in accounting software (like tally) then it would suffice if monthly printout of such books are taken and authenticated (jointly by MO and RKS accountant) and appropriately filed. The cash book should necessarily be maintained manually also, even though computerized accounting is in use. The CHC / PHC accountant is also required to maintain other routine registers like fund receipt register and cheque issue register.

The following section describes the manner of maintenance of the prescribed books of accounts:

Double Column Cash cum Bank Book (Format Provided in Annexure I)

- The RKS should maintain a double column cash and bank book with provision for adequate referencing to the voucher number and ledger folios
- Cash book is to be closed daily and duly signed by the MO incharge
- In case there is no transaction in a day/s the entry 'No Transaction' has to be noted in cash book in red ink and balances are to be carried forward to the next day.

Ledger (Format Provided in Annexure II)

Following points should be taken care of while maintaining ledger:

- The primary categories under which the ledgers would fall are:
 - Ledger head for patient registration fee (if any).
 - Separate activity wise ledger heads to record income generated from collection of various user charges.
 - Ledger head to record amount received on account of corpus grants for RKS.
 - Separate activity wise ledger heads to record expenditure incurred in relation to maintenance of facility or provision of services to patients, whether directly or as payments to sub-contractors.
 - Separate ledger heads for all advances, in the name of the person / agency to which advance has been disbursed (For eg. to employees, outside agencies, etc.).
- Once the vouchers are entered in cash / bank book, they should be immediately entered in the appropriate ledger folios (along with referencing to cash book folio number and voucher serial number)
- The ledger should be kept in the standard form. Separate folios are to be opened for each item of expenditure.
- All the ledger accounts shall be closed at the end of the month. Totals
 would be done for each ledger head and a Trial Balance prepared.
 Discrepancies, if any, will be rectified and reconciled.
- Tentative list of ledger A/c (For activities related to RKS)
 - o Grants in aid from RKS Corpus grants
 - o Expenditure out of RKS corpus grants
 - Membership fees (Income)
 - o OPD (Income from and expense related to the service)
 - Indoor Patient (Income from and expense related to the service)
 - Lab (Income from and expense related to the service)
 - X Ray (Income from and expense related to the service)

- o ECG (Income from and expense related to the service)
- o Canteen rental income
- Washing / Laundry (Expenses)
- Electricity expenses
- Equipments
- Any other expenses related to development, upkeep and maintenance of facility, delivery of services to patients.

Please note that this is only an indicative list of ledger heads and the accountants can open new heads as per their sanctioned activities / reporting requirements / expenditure heads.

Stock Register (Format Provided in Annexure III)

- The Stock / Fixed Asset Register should be kept in two parts for assets purchased out of RKS funds namely – NRHM corpus, and funds collected through user charges
 - One for Assets of Permanent Nature To record assets of permanent nature like furniture & fixtures, Computers, etc either procured by or provided to the RKS.
 - o Other for stocks of temporary nature In this they are supposed to record various consumables used by the RKS like medicines, stationery, printing material, electric bulbs, etc.
- Even if a central store keeper maintains records of all assets purchased by the CHC / PHC in which the RKS is located, the above mentioned asset registers for purchase of assets out of NRHM funds & funds collected from receipt of user charges should be separately maintained by the RKS accountant.
- The asset register should contain the full particulars of purchase / receipt of fixed assets including the identification tag, date of purchase, its current location / user, value of purchase, etc.
- All assets received in kind from the supervisory units should also be included in the fixed asset register.
- No depreciation is to be charged on the fixed assets

Advance Register & Ageing Analysis (Format Provided in Annexure IV)

- Register for advances to be maintained as advances given to
 - o Staff
 - o Contractors / suppliers
- A proper ageing of the advances is also to be done.

RKS Minutes Register

- RKS needs to maintain a register to record the minutes of all the RKS meetings held, particularly providing details on key decisions made.
- Minutes should also include the details of the officials attending the meeting.
- The minutes recorded should be signed by the accountant and the official chairing the meeting.

Operational Guidelines

- The accountant would also need to be aware of operational guidelines of RKS, e.g. Activities for which corpus grant is to be used and activities for which user charges collected could be used.
- He would also need to be aware of the contractual arrangements entered into by RKS (e.g. For cleanliness of facility, for generator facility) as well as have access to the minutes of meeting of RKS society (where decisions regarding fund usage may have been taken).

Basic Accounting Entries

At the time of receipt of funds from the Block the following entry is to be passed

Bank A/c Dr

To, RKS Corpus Grants – in – Aid A/c

(Generally the RKS receive money only for corpus grants under NRHM)

At the time of recording expenditure incurred directly from the RKS corpus grant the following entry is to be passed

Expenditure from RKS Corpus Grant for (Name of the activity for which expenditure is incurred) A/c Dr

To, Bank A/c

(Only expenditure incurred out of RKS corpus grant should be entered)

At the time of disbursing the money as advance to some outside agency / contractor the following entry is to be passed

Advance to (Name of Agency) for (Name of Activity for which advance given)

Dr

To, Bank A/c

(For all advances being disbursed to outside agencies against any particular activity)

For settlement / adjustment of advances to the extent of expenditure reported by outside agency / contractor, the following entry is to be passed

Expenditure Head (Name of the Activity) A/c

Dr

To, Advance to (Name of Agency) for (Name of Activity for which advance given)

(Care must to taken to ensure that the appropriate expenditure head under which amount has been incurred should be debited and not any other head)

For Interest earned on bank account

At the time of interest being credited to bank account

Bank A/c

Dr

To, Interest Earned on Bank A/c

For unspent grant against a particular activity returned to the supervisory unit

RKS Corpus Grants – in – Aid A/c To, Bank A/c Dr

For recording / receiving of other income being generated from the unit

(Examples of areas from where other income is generated are - Registration fee, user charges from OPD; for eg. On X- Ray, Lab testing, ECG, user charges from Indoor Patient, etc.)

Cash A/c

Dr

To, Income from (Name of the source) A/c

For recording the deposit of cash relating to other income being generated from the unit into RKS a/c on daily basis (after meeting the cash expenses, if any)

(Examples of areas from where other income is generated are - Registration fee, user charges from OPD; for eg. On X- Ray, Lab testing, ECG, user charges from Indoor Patient, etc.)

Bank A/c

Dr

To, Cash A/c

For recording of expenditure related to provision of services

(Example of areas for which expenditure might be incurred are – Ambulance, X – Ray, Lab, ECG, used for OPD / IPD patient)

Expense for (Name of the activity for which expense is incurred)

Dr

To, Bank / Cash A/c

(Depending on the a/c from which expenses is made)

For recording purchase of assets out of internally generated funds

Fixed Asset (Name of the Asset)

Dr

To, Bank A/c

Monthly / Quarterly / Annually Closing & Consolidation Entries

The following periodic closing entries are to be passed if the society is preparing / required to prepare financial statements for a particular period. Otherwise closing will be carried out and financial statements would be prepared annually.

For Recognition of Income to the Extent of Expenditure Incurred

RKS Corpus Grants – in – Aid A/c

Dr

To, Income for RKS Corpus Grants A/c

For Transferring the Income to Income & Expenditure Account at the end of the period

Income from (Name of the source from which income is generated) A/c

Dr

To, Income & Expenditure A/c

(Example of areas from where other income is generated are - Registration fee, user charges from OPD; for eg. On X- Ray, Lab testing, ECG, Indoor Patient, etc., apart from these areas income from money utilized out of grants in aid should also be transferred)

For Transferring the Expenditure to Income & Expenditure Account at the end of the period

Income & Expenditure A/c

Dr

To, Expenditure for (Name of the activity for which expense is incurred) A/c

(Example of areas for which expenditure might be incurred are - Ambulance, X - Ray, Lab, ECG, used for OPD / IPD patient.)

For transferring of interest to Income & Expenditure Account

Interest Earned on Bank A/c

Dr

To, Income & Expenditure A/c

For Transferring the Excess of Income over Expenditure to Reserves and Surplus at the end of the period

Income & Expenditure A/c

Dr

To, Reserves and Surplus A/c

In case the funds are sanctioned by Block but not actually received by the RKS the following entry is to be passed

Funds in Transit A/c

Dr

To, RKS Corpus Grants - in - Aid

And (on actual receipt of funds)

Bank A/c

Dr

To, Funds in Transit A/c

Accounting Process & Internal Controls

Cash

- RKS should not carry heavy cash in hand (maximum limit Rs.3000/- as petty cash to meet day to day expenses)
- Cash book is to be updated on a daily basis
- Physical cash should tally with the cash balance figure in the cash book
- Over writing in cash / bank book should be avoided and corrections, if any, should be attested by the authorized officer under his dated initials.

Bank / Transfer

- Cheque issue register to be maintained properly.
- Bank pass book / bank statement to be updated regularly
- Interest income should be clearly identified and reported in the SoE/ UC on timely basis
- All cheques shall be signed by at least two signatories as authorized by the Governing/Executive body of the RKS Society in line with defined guidelines
- Cheque books, new, used or currently under use shall be kept in the personal custody of one of the officers who are authorized to put their signature on the cheques.

- Acknowledgement of receipt of cheques issued shall be obtained from the payee.
- While making payments through cheque, its number should invariably be noted in the cash book for cross checking.
- Signatures with date shall be obtained in the cheque issue Register from the Cashier/Accountant for each cheque, which is endorsed in his favour or handed over to him for obtaining cash payment from the bank.
- All cash/cheques/Demand Drafts etc. received should be deposited into bank as far as possible on the same day itself, otherwise on the next working day positively.
- Bank reconciliation statement to be prepared on a monthly basis (by the 10th of the following month)
- Proper explanation by the person incharge to be recorded in case of any unreconciled entries

Payments & Expenditure

- All bills / invoices to be scrutinized thoroughly before making payments.
- All vouchers to be filled properly and should be complete in all respects.
- All vouchers to be scrolled (serial numbered) and entered in cash / bank book with appropriate referencing.
- All vouchers to be supported with appropriate documentary evidence (vouchers to be prepared only when adequate supporting are in place).
- Invoice must be marked "Passed for Payment" on its face by competent authority. In case of advance adjustments, it should be marked "Passed for Adjustments".
- All supporting documents in originals should be defaced / stamped as 'PAID & CANCELLED' with details of cheque number & date.
- Necessary approval from competent authority to be taken beforehand for expenditure made.
- All approvals made should be under the jurisdiction of the sanctioning authority in line with delegation of power as prescribed by the State / RKS.
- All necessary procedures to be followed for obtaining sanctions for expenditure.
- Expenditures to be debited to the correct account head.
- Any payment above Rs. 5,000/- must necessarily be made through crossed Account payee cheques only.

Fixed Asset

- The prescribed procurement guidelines for purchase of assets should be followed.
- Annual physical verification of fixed assets should be conducted. Any
 major discrepancies in physical verification should be reported to the MO
 of the CHC & brought to the notice of the RKS committee.

Advances

- Advance tracking register to be maintained properly.
- Advance should be given for activities admissible under the RKS guidelines only and settled within 15days of the completion of the activity for which advance was given.
- Long pending advances should be tracked and followed up for adjustment / refund.

Financial Reporting Requirements

FMR / SoE Reporting (Format Provided in Annexure V)

- The reporting period for a month would be 25th of previous month to 24th of reporting month. However, for the month of March, it would be 25th of Feb to 31st of March and for April; the same would be 1st to 24th April.
- RKS accountant should ensure that by 27th of the current month he/she submits the monthly SoE to the supervisory unit in respect of RKS corpus grant.
- Even if in a particular month, there is no expense at the RKS, a nil SoE report should be submitted to the supervisory unit.
- In respect of reporting, receipts, payments, income & expenditure for RKS as a whole, the accountant should report as per the mandate of the Samiti.

Utilization Certificate Reporting (Format Provided in Annexure VI)

The RKS is required to submit the annual audit report along with the UC to the CDMO at DHS and Mission Director at SHS.

Other Financial Statements

At the end of the year, the RKS is required to prepare the following accounting statements after closing its books of accounts

- Trial Balance
- Receipts & Payments
- Income & Expenditure

Balance Sheet

Audit requirements (Statutory)

The RKS society is mandated to get its accounts audited annually by a statutory auditor (to be appointed by RKS) within two months from the end of previous financial year. All the expenses for such audit shall be borne by the RKS.

Summary of Closing and Reporting Requirements for the RKS

S.No.	Activity	Frequency	Cut- off Date			
1	Submission of monthly SoE to the	Monthly	27th of the Month			
	supervisory unit					
2	Preparation of Receipts &					
	Payments Account and Income &	Statements have to be prepared				
	Expenditure Account	as per the i	mandate of the Samiti			
3	Preparation of Balance Sheet					
4	Submission of Annual Audit	Annually	31st May of the			
	Report along with UCs DHS and		following year			
	SHS					

Format of Double Column Cash / Bank Book

	Receipts		Payments									
Dr.											Cr.	
Date	Particulars (including party name,	V. S.	L. F.	Amou	nt (Rs.)	Date	Particulars (including party name,	V. S.	L. F.	Amount (Rs.)		
	activity head, etc.)	No.	No.	Cash	Bank		activity head, etc.)	No.	No.	Cash	Bank	

V.S.No. - Voucher Serial Number L.F.No. - Ledger Folio Number

Note: Cash book should be serially page numbered and authenticated by the supervisor

Proforma of Ledger Account

Name of the Ledger Account (In case ledger is for expense / activity head, then identification to activity / pool as per FMR should be included):

										Cr.
Particulars	V. S.	C. B. S.	Amo	ount	Date	Particulars	V. S.	C. B. S.	Amount	
	No.	No.	Cash	Bank			No.	No.	Cash	Bank
	Particulars		Particulars V. S. B. S. No.	Particulars V. B. Amo	Particulars V. B. Amount S. S. S.	Particulars V. S. S. No. B. Amount Date	Particulars S. S. No. S. Date Particulars	Particulars S. S. Date Particulars V. S. S. No.	Particulars V. S. B. Amount Date Particulars V. S. S. No. S. No. S.	Particulars V. S. B. Amount Date Particulars V. S. B. S. Amount S. No. S. S.

V.S.No. - Voucher Serial Number C.B.S.No. - Cash Book Serial Number

Format of Fixed Asset Register

					Asset Quant	tity (Nos)	Asset Cost (Rs)					
Date	e V. S.No. Particulars Location		Location	Begining of the Year	Addition	Deletion/ Transfer	End of the Year	Beginning of the Year	Addition	Deletion/ Transfer	End of the Year	

Format of Stock Register

Date & month	Particulars	Bill No	Opening stock in qty.	Re	ceipt	Issued in qty.	Balance stock	Remarks
				Qty. Rate				

Note: Both the registers to be maintained separately for each item.

Format of Advance Register

	Particulars (Activity for	Given to (Name of		Date as per		Adjustme	Balance	
Date	which advance given)	the party / unit)	Cheque No.	the Cheque	Amount	Date	Amount Adjusted	Advance

Format for Aging of Advances

Name of the	Activity	Outstanding Age	No. of	Amount Outstanding (Rs.)
unit	Name		Advances	
		Less than 6 months		
	RCH	Between six months to one year		
Unit 1		More than one year		
		Total		Rs
	NRHM	DO		
Unit 2				

Annexure V

Format of SoE Reporting from RKS

				ning of t	nce at the he					Closing Balance at the end of the month				
S.N o	Activities	Bank	Cash	Adva nce	Total	Amount Received During the Month	Total Amount Received Till the month	Expenditu re During the Month	Total Expenditure Till the month	Bank	Cash	Adva nce	Total	
1														
2														
3														
4														
5														

Format of UC Reporting

Form No. OGFR - 7 A

Name of the RKS Programme: NRHM Initiativ		
Utilization Certificate for the		Dated:
Sanction Letter No. and Date	Purpose	Amount
(Please give here details of Sanction Letters) 1. 2. 3.		(Amount of Sanctions)
the Financial Year Block vide letter on account of unspent har sanctioned and that the	of grants – of grants – in favour of the r nos. (given above) and Re balance of the previous s been utilized for the p balance of Rs. he year will be adjusted tow	RKS by the s year(s), a sum of Rs. burpose for which it was remained as
- in - aid was sanctioned,	satisfied myself that the con have been duly fulfilled an at the money was actually u	d that I have exercised the
Signature of the RKS Accou	untant	Signature of MO-in Charge

Section C Model Accounting Handbook for ANMs (At the Sub-Centres)

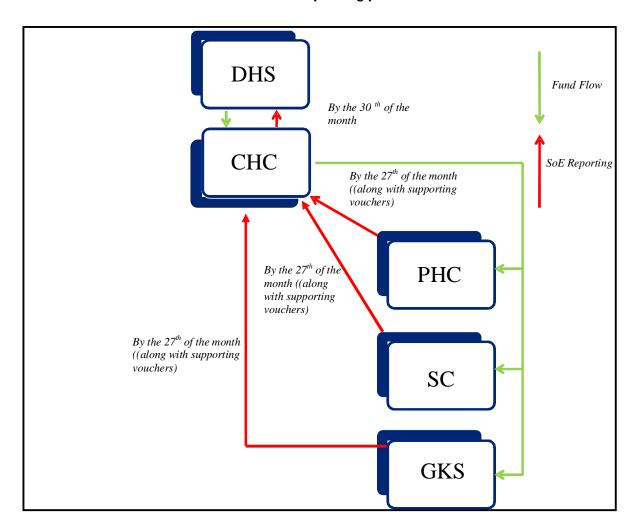
Introduction

- The Government of India has launched the National Rural Health Mission to carry out the necessary architectural correction in the basic health care delivery system. The Plan of Action includes increasing public expenditure on health, decentralization and district management of health programmes, as well as induction of management and financial personnel into district health system.
- As a result of decentralization, most of the NRHM funds are flowing down to the units below, like CHCs / PCHs, Sub-Centres & GKSs.
- The success of decentralization experiment would depend on the strength of the management capacities built at each level. This handbook is an initiative aimed at building capacity of the ANMs in maintaining proper accounting records of the funds received at the sub-centre.
- The FMG at Mission Directorate had issued a detailed financial manual as well
 as guidelines covering most of the activities at State / District / Sub-district
 level. This handbook has been developed in line with the FMG manual to
 facilitate ANMs in understanding / executing their accounting and reporting
 functions at the sub-centres.

Overview of Fund Flow and Reporting

Sub-centre receives funds from blocks to carry out specified activities. They are supposed to report their activities to their supervisory unit which is block CHC. The following exhibit shows the fund flow and reporting pattern:

Funds Flow & Reporting pattern



Activities for Which Funds Are Received & Spent

The following table summarises the activities under which the sub-centre receives money from the blocks / supervisory unit

S. No.	Activities for which funds are received by the Sub-Centre from the Block CHC	Purpose
Α	RCH Flexipool	
1	JSY Payments to Mothers	Received from block CHC for disbursement to JSY beneficiaries in case of Home deliveries.
2	Any Other (to be specified)	
В	NRHM Additionalities	
1	Untied Funds at Sub-Centres	Received from block CHC
2	AMG at Sub- Centres (based on the provision in PIP)	Received from block CHC
3	Any Other (to be specified)	

Accounting & Book Keeping Requirements

Important Accounting Principles and Policies to be followed

- Accounting shall be done on cash basis i.e. a transaction shall be accounted for at the time of receipt or payment only.
- The books of accounts of the sub-centre shall be maintained on double entry book keeping principles.
- Period Accounting period followed shall be the financial year of the Government of India i.e. 1st April to 31st March.

Books of Accounts to be maintained

Following books should be manually maintained by the ANM

- Columnar Petty Cash book
- Bank Register
- Ledger book (Units currently maintaining ledgers may continue maintaining it as a good practice, however this is not mandatory)
- Fixed Asset / Stock register
- JSY Payment Register

The following section describes the manner of maintenance of the prescribed books of accounts:

Columnar Petty Cash Book (Format Provided in Annexure I)

- The sub-centre should maintain a columnar petty cash book.
- Petty Cash book to be updated weekly and duly signed by the ANM.

Bank Register (Format Provided in Annexure II)

- Sub-Centre should maintain a bank register to record receipt and payment of funds through cheque respectively.
- It is to be closed monthly and duly signed by the ANM.

Ledgers (Format Provided in Annexure III)

Following points should be taken care of while maintaining ledger book:

- Ledger accounts in the prescribed format are to be maintained
- Accounting should be done and ledgers prepared under the heads for which funds are provided to SCs and interest earned.
- Once the vouchers are entered in cash / bank book, they should be immediately entered in the appropriate ledger folios (along with referencing to cash book serial number and voucher serial number)
- All the ledger accounts shall be closed at the end of the month. Totals
 would be done for each ledger head and a SoE prepared. Discrepancies, if
 any, will be rectified and reconciled.

Note: Maintenance of ledger is optional at SC level

Fixed Asset and Stock Register (Format Provided in Annexure IV)

- A fixed asset / stock register is to be maintained to include the following items. It may be broken into three parts
 - o Consumables purchased out of untied funds like stationery, etc
 - o Items of fixed nature purchased out of untied fund (like furniture, almirah, etc for the sub-centre). Assets transferred from the block CHC/others are also to be recorded.
 - Stock of free supplies (medicines or consumables, etc.) received from block CHC.

JSY Payment Register

A register to keep the record of JSY beneficiaries is to be maintained.
 Register should capture all relevant information with respect to the

beneficiary. (Information like Name, Age, Complete address, No of children, finger print / signature column, name of husband, etc are required to be captured)

Basic Accounting Entries

At the time of receipt of funds from the Block for advance against a particular activity, the following entry is to be passed

Bank A/c Dr

To, Grant – in – Aid for (Activity for Which Fund has been received)

(Three activities under which grants – in –aid is received are – JSY, Untied fund for Sub-centre and AMG as per approved PIP)

At the time of withdrawing money from the bank the following entry is to be passed

Cash A/c Dr

To, Bank A/c

At the time of incurring of expenditure the following entry is to be passed

Expenditure Head A/c

Dr

To, Bank / Cash A/c

(The three categories of expenditure include payments for – JSY, from Untied fund for Sub-centre & and AMG as per approved PIP)

For Interest earned on bank account the following entry is to be passed

Bank A/c Dr

To, Interest Earned on Bank A/c

For unspent grant against a particular activity returned to the supervising Block CHC

Grant – in – Aid (Activity for Which Fund has been received) A/c Dr To, Bank A/c

(Three categories of grant in aid may be returned – JSY, Untied fund for Sub-centre & and AMG as per approved PIP)

Accounting Process & Internal Controls

Cash / Bank Book

- Sub-centre should withdraw cash as required and not have heavy cash in hand.
- Cash book is to be updated on a weekly basis.
- Physical cash should tally with the figure of cash as per books and bank pass book / bank statement to be updated regularly (monthly inspection by BAM during the monthly meeting may be conducted).
- Bank Account to be opened and operated under joint signature of the ANM and Sarpanch in any scheduled commercial bank / Grameen Bank/ Post office. Following points to be noted w.r.t the same:
 - o Private bank accounts should not be allowed to be maintained.
 - o In areas where bank availability is a problem, account should be maintained in post office.
- Interest income should be clearly identified and reported in the SoE/ UC on timely basis.
- All cheques shall be signed by the two signatories as authorized by the Governing/Executive body of the Society in line with defined guidelines.
- Cheque books, new, used or currently under use shall be kept in the personal custody of ANM who is the authorized signatory on the cheques.
- Acknowledgement of a cheque issued and received shall be obtained from the payee.
- While making payments through cheque, its number should invariably be noted in the cash book for cross checking.
- All cash/cheques/Demand Drafts etc. received should be deposited into bank as far as possible on the same day itself, otherwise on the next working day positively.
- Bank reconciliation statement to be prepared on a monthly basis (by the 10th of the following month).
- Proper explanation by the ANM to be given in case of any unreconciled entries.

Payments & Expenditure

- All vouchers / bills / invoices to be scrutinized thoroughly before making payments.
- All vouchers to be filled properly and should be complete in all respects.
- All vouchers / bills / invoices to be scrolled (serial numbered) and entered in cash / bank book with appropriate referencing.

- All vouchers to be supported with appropriate documentary evidence (vouchers to be prepared only when adequate supporting are in place).
- All supporting documents in originals should be defaced as 'PAID & CANCELLED' with details of cheque number & date.
- All expenditure made should be in accordance with the approval of the sanctioning authority in line with delegation of power as prescribed by the State.
- Expenditures to be debited to the correct account head.
- The sub-centre should endeavour to make all payments only by crossed account payee cheque. Bearer cheque can be given to JSY beneficiaries if it is not practical/ time consuming to open their bank accounts. Normally payments by cash should be discouraged, however if that is not practical, payment by cash may be made, subject to directives / limits prescribed by the State.
- Any payment above Rs.2500/- must necessarily be made through crossed Account payee cheques only.

Fixed Asset

 Annual physical verification of fixed assets, if any, purchased out of united grants should be conducted by block accountant with major discrepancies in physical verification, if any, reported to the BMO.

2. Financial Reporting Requirements

SoE Reporting* (Format Provided in Annexure V)

- The block CHC should ensure that by the 27th of the month it collects the monthly SoE from the SCs in the prescribed format under its jurisdiction.
- Even if in a particular month there is no expense at the SC, a nil SoE report should be submitted to the block CHC.
- In case any funds are also received under National Disease Control Programmes (NDCPs) at Sub-centre level, SoE reporting for the same also needs to be made by the sub center. Format similar to the SoE format (appended as Annexure V) can be used to report expenditure under them.

^{*} **Note:** In case of untied funds given to Sub-centre as advance, only funds reported by sub-centre as 'actually spent' under SoE shall be booked as expenditure. Hence, timely and accurate SoE reporting by sub-centre is very important.

UC Reporting (Format Provided in Annexure VI)

- The sub-centre is required to submit the UC annually (Duly signed by the ANM of the Sub-centre) along with the vouchers.
- As per GFR requirements, Utilization Certificate also needs to be submitted for any funds received under NDCPs. Above format can also be used for the same.

Summary of Reporting Requirements for Sub-Centre

S. No.	Activity	Frequency	Cut- off Date			
1	Submission of monthly SoE to the	Monthly	27th of the Month			
	Block CHC					
2	Submission of UCs (including the	Annually	30 th April of the			
	vouchers)		following year			

Annexure I

Format of Columnar Petty Cash Book

						F	Payments *			
Date	S	Particulars	Receipts	Total	Cleaning of	Minor	Transport	Payment/	Other	Daily
	No.	(Including	(A)	Expenditure	Sub Centre	modifications	of	Reward to	Expense	Balance
		party name,		(B)		and repair	emergencies	ASHA		(C= A-
		activity head,								B)
		etc.)								
		·								
		Monthly Total								

S No. - Serial Number

Note: Cash book should be serially page numbered and authenticated by the supervisor

Annexure II

Format of Bank Register

	Receipts				Payments				
Date	Particulars (Details of the source)	S. No.	Amount (Rs.)	Date	Particulars (Details of the activity for which amount is spent)	S. No.	Amount (Rs.)		

^{*} Illustrative expense heads have been mentioned here, however, additional heads can be added as per requirement.

					Monthly Total (B)			
	Monthly Total (A)							
Balance (A-B)								
S.No Serial Number of the Invoice / voucher								

Annexure III

Proforma of Ledger Account (for those sub-centres already preparing ledger books)

Name of the Ledger Account (In case ledger is for expense / activity head, then identification to activity / pool as per FMR should be included):

Dr.											Cr.	
Date	Particulars	V. S. No.	C. B. S.	Ame	ount	Date	Date Particulars	Particulars	V. S. No.	C. B. S.	Amount	
		INO.	No.	Cash	Bank			IVO.	No.	Cash	Bank	
		-										
											i	

V.S.No \	V.S.No Voucher Serial Number							
C.B.S.No.	C.B.S.No Cash Book Serial Number							

Annexure IV

Format of Asset Register

					Asset Quant	tity (Nos)		Asset Cost (Rs)				
Date	V. S.No.	Particulars	Location	Beginning of the Year	Addition	Deletion/ Transfer	End of the Year	Beginning of the Year	Addition	Deletion/ Transfer	End of the Year	
	·											

Format of SoE Reporting from Sub-Centres

Name of the GKS:	Reporting Month:

		Α	В	С	D	E	F	G = (A+B)-E
S.No	Activity	Opening balance at the beginning of the month	nce at the inning of During the Rec		Expenditure at the Beginning of the Month	Expenditure During the Month	Total Expenditure Till Date for the year	Closing Balance at the end of the month

Format of UC Reporting

Form No. OGFR - 7 A

Name of the Sub Center:		
Name of the Programme:		
Utilization Certificate for the Year:	Dated:	

Sanction Letter No. and Date	Opening Balance	Funds received in Current Year	Expenditure in Current Year	Balance (If any)
(Please give here			2 2 20	
details of Sanction				
Letters)				
1.				
2.				
3.				

Further certified that I have satisfied myself that the conditions, on which the grants – in – aid was sanctioned, have been duly fulfilled and that I have exercised the following checks to see that the money was actually utilized for the purpose for which it was sanctioned.

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

Signature of ANM

Concerned Sarpanch

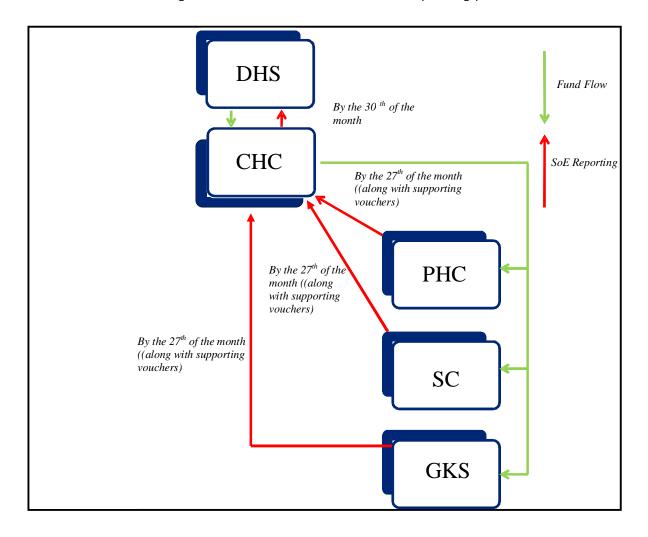
Section – D Model Accounting Handbook for GKS

Introduction

- The Government of India has launched the National Rural Health Mission to carry out the necessary architectural correction in the basic health care delivery system. The Plan of Action includes increasing public expenditure on health, decentralization and district management of health programmes, as well as induction of management and finance personnel into district health system.
- As a result of decentralization, most of the NRHM funds are flowing down to the blocks & units below it, like CHCs / PCHs, Sub-Centres & GKSs.
- The success of decentralization experiment would depend on the strength of the management capacities built at each level. This handbook is an initiative aimed at building capacity of the AWWs in maintaining proper accounting records.
- The FMG at Mission Directorate had issued a detailed financial manual as well as guidelines covering most of the activities at State / District / Subdistrict level. This handbook has been developed in line with the FMG manual to facilitate AWWs in understanding / executing their accounting and reporting functions for funds received for GKS.
- The Gaon Kalyan Samittees (GKS) will be formed in each village (if not already there) within the overall framework of Gram Sabha in which proportionate representation from all the hamlets would be ensured.
 Adequate representation to the disadvantaged categories like women, SC / ST / OBC / Minority communities would also be given.
- GKSs receive untied funds from the block CHC to carry out specified activities. They are supposed to report their activities to CHC supervising them.

Overview of Fund Flow and Reporting

- GKS receives funds to carry out specified activities and are supposed to report their activities & expenditure. In case the sub-centres are maintaining books of accounts for GKS's within their jurisdiction, they are supposed to consolidate the activities of the GKS in their monthly SoE and accordingly report to the supervisory unit i.e. CHC.
- Following exhibit shows the fund flow and reporting pattern:



Activities for Which Funds Are Received & Spent

The following table summarises the funds available to the GKS and activities for which funds can be used

S. No.	Activities under which funds are received by the GKS from the Block CHC	Received From	Areas where it can be Utilized
В	NRHM		Nutrition, Education &
	Additionalities	Descined from Disale	Sanitation,
1	Untied fund for GKS	Received from Block CHC (Rs 10000 p.a.)	Environmental Protection and Public
	Others	•	Health Measures for the
	Community contributions (if any)	Collection from community	 village. Activities like cleanliness drive, sanitation drive, school health activities, ICDS, Anganwadi level activities, household surveys for the village. Other activities as per the guideline circulated earlier.

Accounting & Book Keeping Requirements

Important Accounting Principles and Policies to be Followed

- Accounting shall be done on cash basis i.e. a transaction shall be accounted for at the time of receipt or payment only.
- Period Accounting period followed shall be the financial year of the Government of India i.e. 1st April to 31st March

Books of Accounts to be Maintained

Following books should be manually maintained by the GKS:

- Two separate registers for cash and bank to record receipt and payments of funds in cash or through cheque respectively
- GKS meeting register

The following section describes the manner of maintenance of the prescribed books of accounts:

Columnar Petty Cash Book and Bank Register to Record Receipt and Payments of Funds (Format Provided in Annexure I)

- The GKS are required to maintain a petty cash book and a bank register to record receipt and payments of funds in cash or through cheque respectively.
- Registers are to be closed monthly and duly signed by the ASHA/AWW.
- Format of the two registers along with illustrative entries have been provided in the Annexure I.

Meeting Register

- GKS needs to maintain a register to record the proceedings of all the GKS meetings held, particularly providing key details on key decisions made.
- Minutes should include the details of the officials attending the meeting.
- The minutes recorded should be signed by the accountant and the official chairing the meeting.

Basic Accounting Entries

At the time of receipt of cheque / draft for GKS untied fund

Entry to be made in the Bank Register in Receipt side

Grant – in – Aid for GKS Untied Fund

At the time of receipt of funds from any other source in cash

Entry to be made in the Cash Register in Receipt side

Fund received from (Name of the source from which fund has been received)

At the time of receipt of funds from any other source in cheque / draft

Entry to be made in the Bank Register in Receipt side

Fund received from (Name of the source from which fund has been received)

At the time of withdrawal of funds from bank

Entry to be made in the Bank Register in Payment side

Cash Withdrawal and

Entry to be made in the Cash Register in Receipt side

Cash Withdrawal from Bank A/c

At the time of incurring of expenditure the following entry is to be passed

If payment is made in cash then entry to be made in the Cash Register in Payment side

Payment for (Explanation of the activity for which payment was made)

Supporting documents / invoices (if any) should be attached along side

If payment is made by cheque then entry to be made in the Bank Register in Payment side

Payment for (Explanation of the activity for which payment was made)

Supporting documents / invoices (if any) should be attached along side

For Interest earned on bank account the following entry is to be passed

Entry to be made in the Bank Register in Receipt side

Interest earned on Bank Deposit

For unspent grant against a particular activity returned to the Block CHC

Entry to be made in the Bank Register in Payment side

Grant in aid for GKS

Accounting Process & Internal Controls

Cash / Bank

- GKS should not carry heavy cash in hand and should withdraw cash only as required.
- Petty Cash Book / Bank Register is to be updated on a weekly basis (depending upon frequency of transactions)
- Physical cash should tally with the figure as per Cash Book.
- Bank Account to be opened and operated under joint signature of the Ward Member and AWW in any scheduled bank / Rural bank/ Post office. Following points to be noted w.r.t the same:
 - o Private bank accounts should not be allowed to be maintained.
 - o In areas where bank availability is a problem, account should be maintained in post office.

- Interest income should be clearly identified and reported in the SoE/ UC on timely basis.
- Bank pass book / bank statement to be updated regularly (monthly inspection by BADA / ANM during the monthly meeting may be conducted).
- All cheques shall be signed by the two signatories as authorized by the GKS.
- Cheque books, new, used or currently under use shall be kept in the personal custody of the AWW who is authorized to put her signature on the cheques.
- While making payments through cheque, its number should invariably be noted in the bank register for cross checking.
- All cash/cheques/Demand Drafts etc. received should be deposited into bank as far as possible on the same day itself, otherwise on the next working day positively.
- Bank reconciliation statement to be prepared on a monthly basis (by the 10th of the following month).
- Proper explanation by the ASHA/AWW to be given in case of any unreconciled entries.

Payments & Expenditure

- All bills / invoices to be scrutinized thoroughly before making payments.
- All bills / invoices to be scrolled (serial numbered) and entered in cash / bank register with appropriate referencing.
- All bills / invoices to be supported with appropriate documentary evidence.
- All supporting documents in originals should be defaced as 'PAID & CANCELLED' with details of cheque number & date (where applicable).
- All expenditure made should be in accordance with the approval of the sanctioning authority in line with delegation of power as prescribed by the State.
- Expenditures to be recorded correctly specifying the activity for which amount has been utilized.

Financial Reporting Requirements

SoE Reporting (Format Provided in Annexure II)

- By the 27th of the every month the AWW should submit the SoE along with all the supporting vouchers to the Block CHC.
- Along with the SoE, it should also submit the monthly BRS so that there is clarity on the amounts available with the GKS.
- The ANM should review the SoE along with books of the GKS to ensure correct reporting.
- Even if in a particular month there are no expenses in a GKS, a nil SoE report should be submitted to the Block CHC.
- In case any funds are also received under National Disease Control Programmes (NDCPs) at GKS level, SOE reporting for the same also needs to be made by the GKS. Format similar to the SoE format (appended as Annexure II) can be used to report expenditure under them.

UC Reporting (Format Provided in Annexure III)

- The GKS is required to submit a duly signed annual UC to the Block CHC
 in the prescribed format based on the monthly SoE submitted during the
 year. The ANM/AWW should further review the UC (along with books of
 accounts) for correctness and counter sign the same before submitting it to
 the block CHC.
- As per OGFR requirements, Utilization Certificate also needs to be submitted for any funds received under NDCPs. The above format can also be used for the same.

Availability of Books for Review

The GKS should make its books (cash / bank registers, bank pass book & supporting vouchers available for public review in case a formal request is made from the village community through the village Panchayat.

^{*} Note: In case of untied funds given to GKSs as advance, only funds reported by GKS as 'actually spent' under SoE shall be booked as expenditure. Hence, timely and accurate SOE reporting by GKS is very important.

Summary of Reporting Requirements for GKSs

S. No.	Activity	Frequency	Cut- off Date
1	Submission of monthly SoE (including	Monthly	27th of the Month
	all vouchers) to the supervisory unit		
2	Submission of UCs	Annually	30th April of the
			following year

Format of Columnar Petty Cash Book

					Payments*						
Date	S	Particulars	Receipts	Total	Village level	Revolving	Nutrition,	Education		Daily	
	No.	(Including party	(A)	Expenditure	public	fund for		&	Other	Balance	
		name, activity		(B)	health	households		Sanitation	Expenses	(A-B)	
		head, etc.)			activity						
					(cleanliness						
					drive etc)						
		Monthly Total									

S. No. - Serial Number

Note: Cash book should be serially page numbered and authenticated by the supervisor

Format of Bank Register

Receipts				Payments			
Date	Particulars (Details of the source)	S. No.	Amount (Rs.)	Date	Particulars (Details of the activity for which amount is spent)	S. No.	Amount (Rs.)
	Grant - in - aid for GKS untied fund				Cash Withdrawal		
					Payment for (Explanation of the		
					activity for which payment has been		
	Cash Deposit				made)		

^{*} Illustrative expense heads have been mentioned here, however, additional heads can be added as per requirement.

Interest Received					
Monthly Total (A)		Monthly Total (B)			
Balance (A-B)					
S.No Serial Number of the Invoice / voucher					

Annexure II

Format of SoE Reporting from GKS

Name o	f the GKS:	Reporting Month:						
		Α	В	С	D	E	F	G = (A+B)-E
S.No	Activity	Opening balance at the beginning of the month	Amount Received During the Month	Cumulative funds Received Till date for the year	Expenditure at the Beginning of the Month	Expenditure During the Month	Total Expenditure Till Date for the year	Closing Balance at the end of the month
1	United Fund of GKS							

Format of UC Reporting

Form No. OGFR - 7 A

Name of the GKS:	
Name of the Programme: NRHM Initiatives	
Utilization Certificate for the Year:	Dated:

Sanction Letter No. and Date	Opening Balance	Funds received in Current Year	Expenditure in Current Year	Balance (If any)
(Please give here				
details of Sanction				
Letters)				
1.				
2.				
3.				

Further certified that I have satisfied myself that the conditions, on which the grants – in – aid was sanctioned, have been duly fulfilled and that I have exercised the following checks to see that the money was actually utilized for the purpose for which it was sanctioned.

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

Signature of AWW

Signature of Ward Member